



National Air Quality Forecasting Capability: performance, recent updates and plans

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Outline



Background on NAQFC Progress in 2009/2010

- Operational products
- Experimental testing/products
- Developmental testing

Coordination with Partners Looking Ahead



National Air Quality Forecast Capability



Current and Planned Capabilities (2/10)

- Improving the basis for AQ alerts
- Providing AQ information for people at risk

Prediction Capabilities:

Operations:

Ozone implemented over CONUS (9/07)
Smoke implemented over CONUS (3/07),
AK (9/09) and HI (2/10)

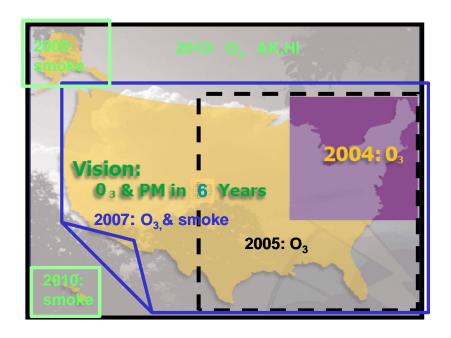
Experimental testing/products:

Ozone upgrades

Developmental testing:

Ozone over AK and HI

Components for particulate matter (PM) forecasts





National Air Quality Forecast Capability



End-to-End Operational Capability

Model Components: Linked numerical prediction system

Operationally integrated on NCEP's supercomputer

- NCEP mesoscale NWP: WRF-NMM
- NOAA/EPA community model for AQ: CMAQ

Observational Input:

- NWS weather observations; NESDIS fire locations
- EPA emissions inventory

Gridded forecast guidance products

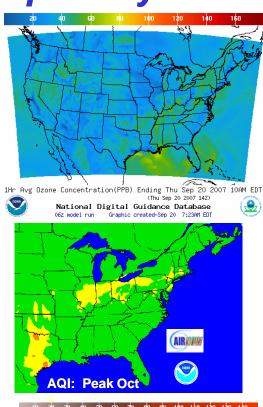
- On NWS servers: www.weather.gov/aq and ftp-servers
- On EPA servers
- Updated 2x daily

Verification basis, near-real time:

- Ground-level AIRNow observations
- Satellite smoke observations

Customer outreach/feedback

- State & Local AQ forecasters coordinated with EPA
- Public and Private Sector AQ constituents







Progress in 2009/2010



Ozone Upgrades: Operations (9/18/07) over Coast-to-Coast (CONUS) domain

- Operations: CONUS (updated emissions); new 1, 8-hour daily maximum products
- <u>Experimental Testing</u>: CB-05 chemical mechanism
- <u>Developmental testing</u>: developing prototypes for AK, HI

Smoke: Operations (3/1/07) over CONUS

- Operations: CONUS Dec 2008 upgrades. AK (9/29/09), HI (2/23/10) smoke implemented into operations
- <u>Developmental testing</u>: Improvements to verification

Aerosols: Developmental testing providing comprehensive dataset for diagnostic evaluations. (CONUS)

- CMAQ (aerosol option), testing CB05 chemical mechanism
 - Qualitative; summertime underprediction consistent with missing source inputs
- Dust and smoke inputs: testing dust contributions to PM2.5 from global sources
 - Preliminary tests combining dust with CMAQ-aerosol
 - Case studies combining smoke inputs with CMAQ-aerosol
- Testing prediction of dust from CONUS sources
- R&D efforts continuing in chemical data assimilation, real-time emissions sources, advanced chemical mechanisms



Operational Products



NAM update (December, 2008)

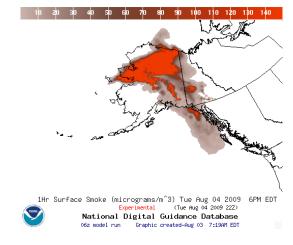
- Model Parameterizations: PBL/turbulence schemes and vertical diffusion applied to separate water species, absorption coefficients for water and ice doubled in radiation scheme, changes to land-surface physics under snow coverage
- Data assimilation: Upgraded GSI with a new version of radiative transfer, more satellite and aircraft obs
- Initialization: Background for the first analysis comes from the global system (GDAS)

Ozone Predictions: Emissions Updates (May, 2009)

- Point, area and mobile source emissions: updated based on NEI (2005) and projected for the current year.
 - EPA Office of Transportation and Air Quality on-road emissions estimates
 - EGU sources: 2007 CEM data projected for 2009.
- Biogenic sources: updated with BEIS 3.13

Smoke:

- Alaska: operational implementation on Sept 29, 2009
- Hawaii: operational implementation on Feb 23, 2010

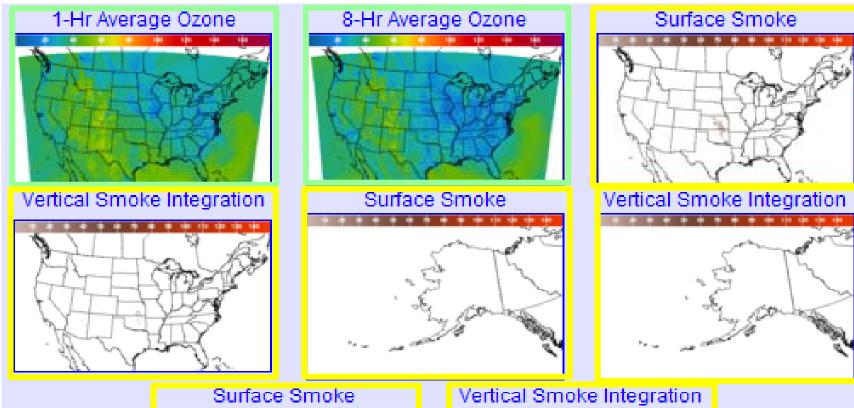




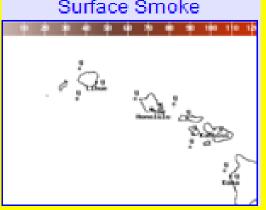
Operational AQ forecast guidance

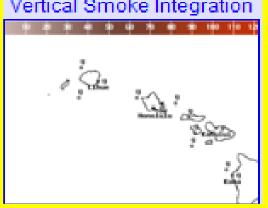


www.weather.gov/aq



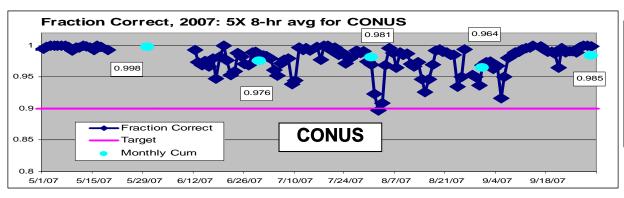
Ozone: CONUS





Smoke: CONUS, AK and HI

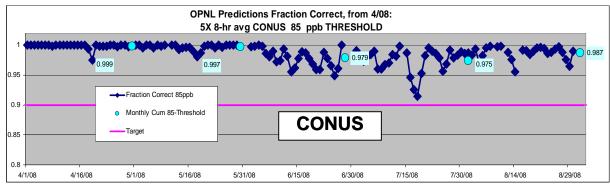
Progress from 2007 to 2009: CONUS O₃ Prediction Summary Verification



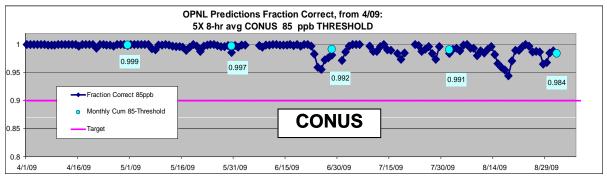
2007 Experimental

Contiguous US (CONUS)

Implemented 9/07 to replace
Eastern US config in operations



2008 Operational CONUS, wrt 85ppb Threshold



2009 Operational CONUS, wrt 85ppb Threshold



Real-time Testing, Summer 2009:



Experimental Testing

Experimental Predictions Publicly available, real-time

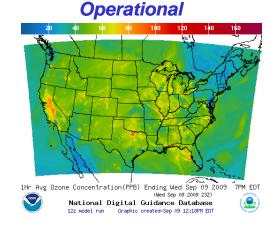
Ozone:

- CMAQ with advanced gasphase chemical mechanism CB05
 - more Volatile Organic
 Compound (VOC) reactions
 - challenge: more O₃ with CB05
 - regional implications: CA, NE US

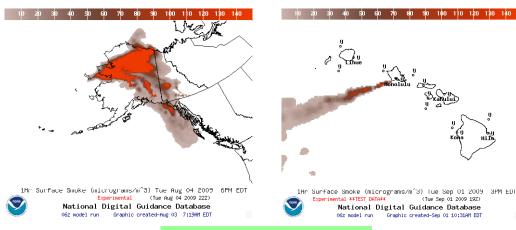
Smoke:

- Testing over AK and HI domains
 - new GOES-W smoke verification
 - AK: active summer 2009 fire season; over 2.9 M acres burned

weather.gov/aq-expr



weather.gov/aq

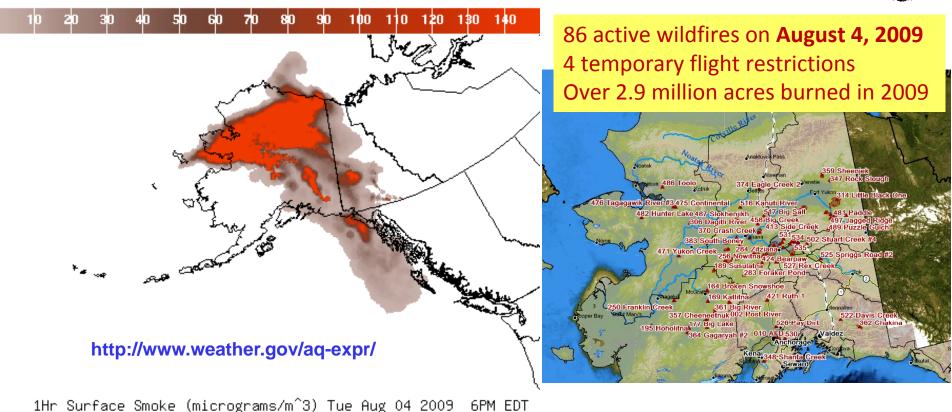


Both now operational



Smoke from wildfires in Alaska





Large Alaskan fires began in early July 2009

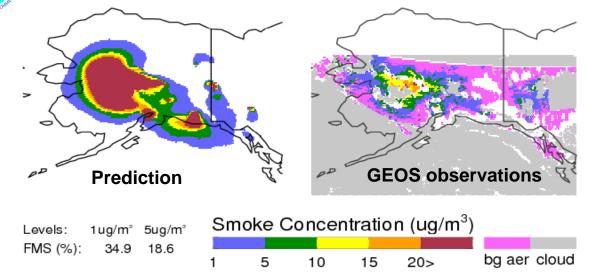
Graphic created-Aug 03 7:19AM EDT

(Tue Aug 04 2009 22Z)

Experimental

National Digital Guidance Database

 Driest July ever recorded in Fairbanks (only 0.06" since July 1, normally the second wettest month of the year) and second warmest July ever (avg 66.5 deg). Verification of Alaska smoke predictions



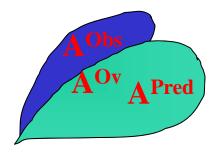
Example 7/13/09, 17-18Z

FMS = 35%, for column-averaged smoke > 1 ug/m³

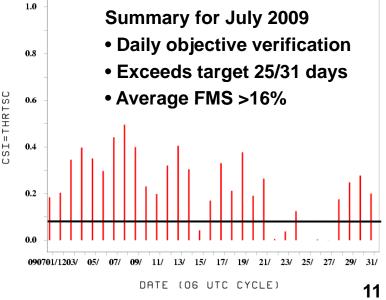
First routine, real-time objective verification for wildfire smoke in Alaska

Uses new GOES Aerosol Smoke Product (GASP)

- Smoke from identified fires only
- Filtered for interference from clouds, surface reflectance, solar angle, other aerosol
- "Footprint" comparison with Figure-of-merit statistics for concentration of (1 μg/m³):



(Area Pred ∩ Area Obs)
(Area Pred. U Area Obs)





Testing of HI smoke predictions







1Hr Vertical Smoke (micrograms/m^3) Wed Jan 06 2010 9PM HST

Experimental (Thu Jan 07 2010 07Z)

National Digital Guidance Database

06z model run

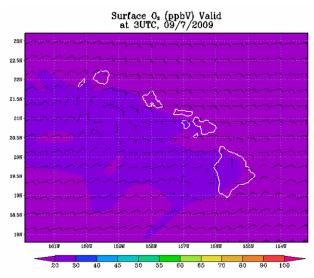
Graphic created-Jan 11 4:49AM HST



Developmental predictions, Summer 2009 (



HI and AK ozone (from Aug 2009) using CMAQ with CB05 (gases)

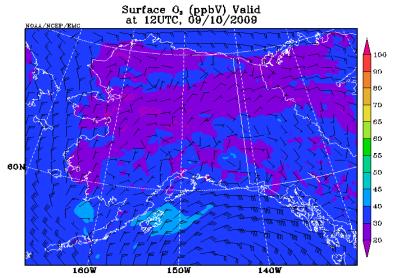


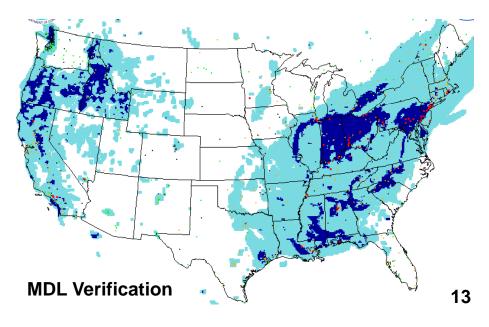
Focus group access only, real-time as resources permit

Aerosols over CONUS

From NEI sources only

- CMAQ: CB05 gases, AERO-4 aerosols
- sea salt emissions and reactions





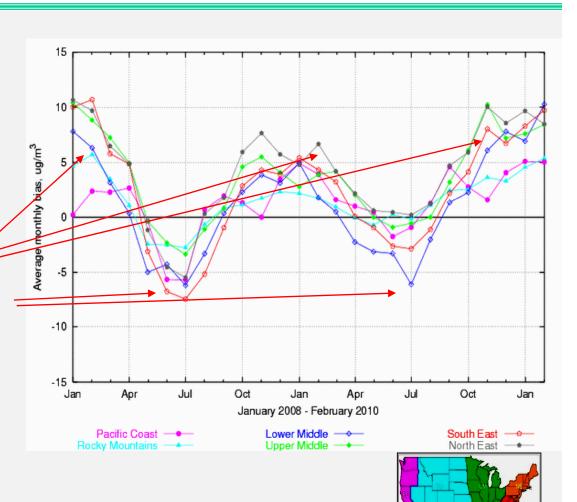


Quantitative PM performance



Forecast challenges

- Aerosol simulation using emission inventories:
- Show seasonal bias-winter, overprediction; summer, underprediction
- Intermittent sources
- Chemical boundary conditions/transboundary inputs





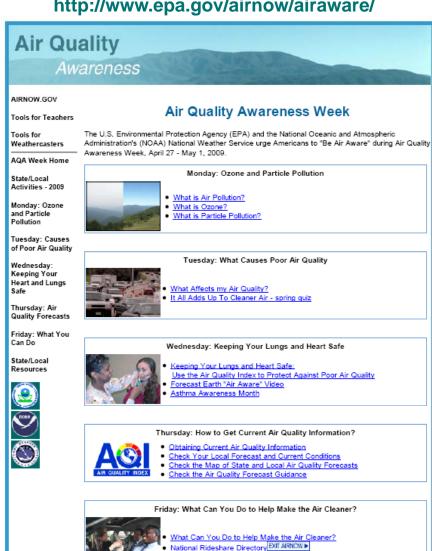
Partnering with AQ Forecasters



Focus group, State/local AQ forecasters:

- Participate in real-time developmental testing of new capabilities, e.g. aerosol predictions
- Provide feedback on reliability, utility of test products
- Local episodes/case studies emphasis
- Regular meetings; working together with EPA's AIRNow and NOAA
- Feedback is essential for refining/improving coordination

http://www.epa.gov/airnow/airaware/





Feedback Examples

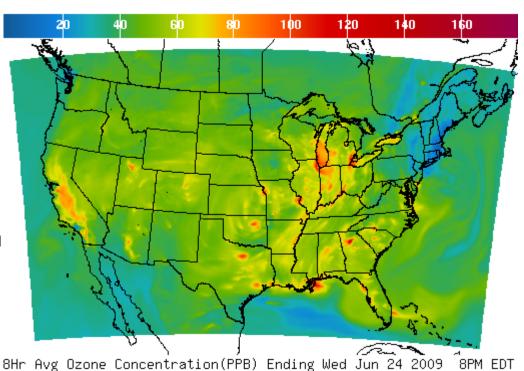
From Brian Lambeth, Texas CEQ:

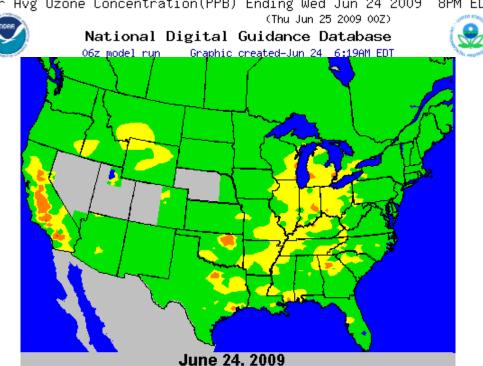
Daily comparison of late-day predictions with AIRNow summary.

"... tendency for the model to over-predict the highest ozone levels more often than not...[e.g] Atlanta."

From Bill Murphey, Georgia EPD:

Mean overprediction of daily 8-h maximum ozone over Atlanta is 6.9 ppb and correlation is 0.7 for summer 2009

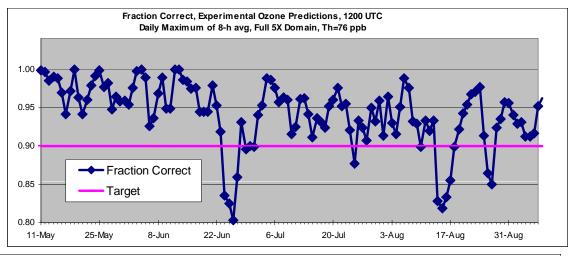




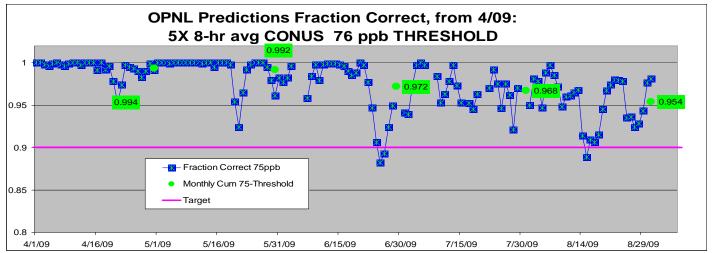


Real-time Testing, Summer 2009: Experimental vs Operational O₃ at 76 ppb





Experimental CB05-based



Operational CBIV-based

Experimental vs. Operational, 76 ppb: FC decreases in experimental predictions



Chemical mechanism sensitivity analysis

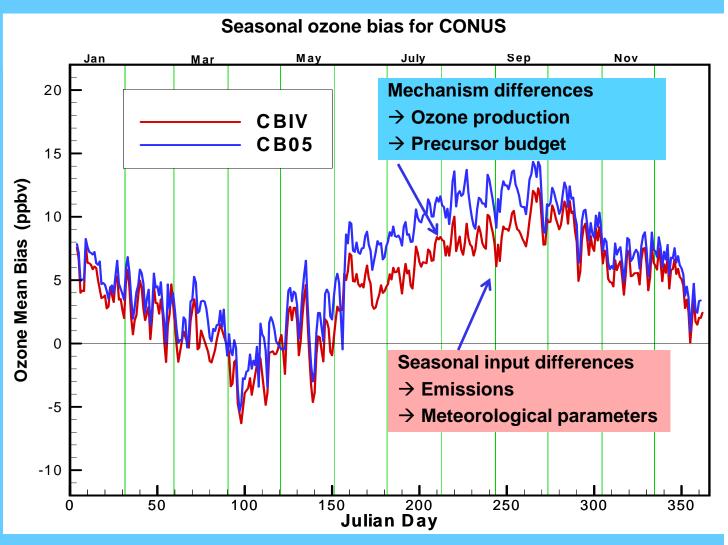


Updated CB05 mechanism shows larger biases than CBIV

- Summertime,
- Eastern US.

Sensitivity studies in progress:

- Chemical speciation
- Indicator reactions





National Air Quality Forecast Capability Looking Ahead





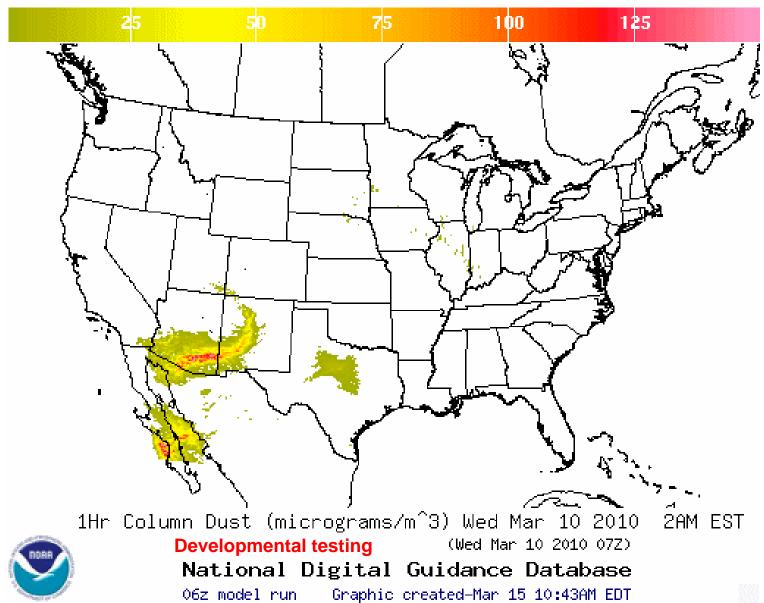
Nationwide ozone and particulate matter predictions

- Expanding ozone & smoke to 50-state coverage, Target: FY10
- Dust implemented as separate module
- Begin quantitative particulate matter predictions, Target: FY15
- Providing information Nationwide on when/where poor AQ is expected
- •Reducing losses to life (50,000) each year from poor AQ
- •Reducing economic losses (\$150B each year) from poor AQ



Testing of CONUS dust predictions







Program Overview, NAQFC:

Team Members



NOAA/NWS/OST Dr. Paula Davidson NAQFC Manager

NOAA/OAR Dr. Jim Meagher NOAA AQ Matrix Manager

<u>NWS/OCWWS</u> Jannie Ferrell Outreach, Feedback

<u>NWS/OCIO</u> Cindy Cromwell, Bob Bunge Data Communications

<u>NWSOST/MDL</u> Jerry Gorline, Marc Saccucci, Dev. Verification, NDGD Product

Tim Boyer, Dave Ruth

<u>NWS/OST</u> Ken Carey, Dr. Ivanka Stajner Program Support

NESDIS/NCDC Alan Hall Product Archiving

NWS/NCEP

Jeff McQueen, Dr. Youhua Tang, Dr. Marina Tsidulko,

Dr. Jianping Huang, Dr. Dongchul Kim

*Dr. Sarah Lu , Dr. Ho-Chun Huang

*Dr. Brad Ferrier, *Dan Johnson, *Eric Rogers, *Hui-Ya Chuang

Dr. Geoff Manikin

Dan Starostra, Chris Magee

Robert Kelly, Mike Bodner, Andrew Orrison

NOAA/OAR/ARL

Dr. Daewon Byun, Dr. Pius Lee, Dr. Rick Saylor, Dr. Hsin-Mu Lin,

Dr. Daniel Tong, Dr. Tianfeng Chai, Dr. Hyun-Chul Kim,

Dr. Yunsoo Choi, *Dr. Fantine Ngan, Dr. Binyu Wang

Roland Draxler, Glenn Rolph, Dr. Ariel Stein

NESDIS/STAR Dr. Shobha Kondragunta, Dr. Jian Zeng

NESDID/OSDPD Matt Seybold, Mark Ruminski

CMAQ development, adaptation of AQ

Smoke Product testing and integration

HPC coordination and AQF webdrawer

NCO transition and systems testing

AQF model interface development.

Global data assimilation, feedback testing

simulations for AQF

testing, & integration

WRF/NAM coordination

HYSPLIT adaptations

Smoke Verification product development

HMS product integration with smoke

forecast tool

Development

EPA/OAQPS partners:

Chet Wayland, Phil Dickerson, Scott Jackson, Brad Johns

AIRNow development, coordination with NAQFC

^{*} Guest Contributors

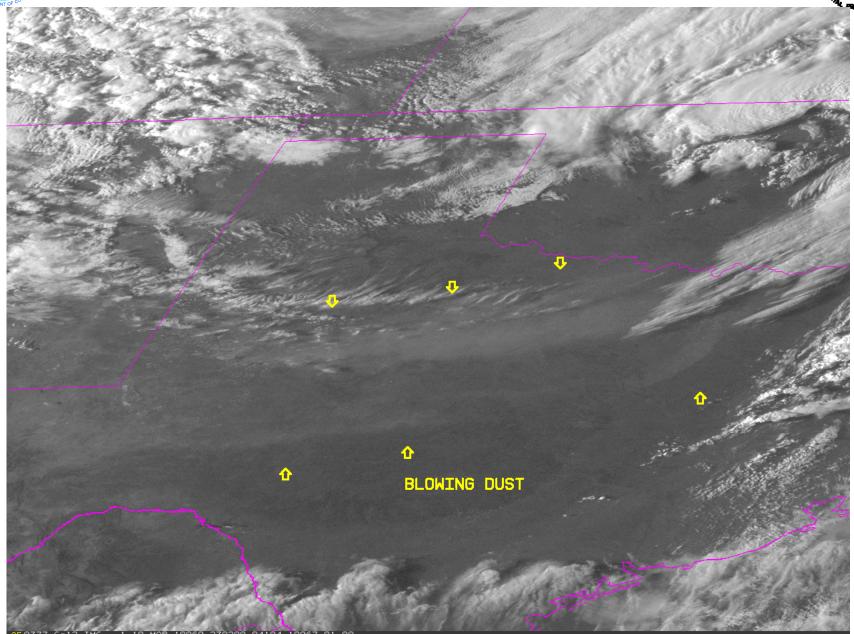




Backup



GOES-12 image for March 10, 2010





Continuing Science Upgrades Improvements to the expanding NAQFC



Continuing R&D required

 OAR and EPA working actively with NWS to provide prototype capabilities for pre-operational development, testing experimental production, and implementation

Assuring quality with science peer reviews:

- Design review of major system upgrades (initial, yearly upgrades)
- Diagnostic evaluations with field campaigns and evaluations
- Publication of T&E in peer-reviewed literature

Ozone Capability

- Otte et al. Weather and Forecasting, 20, 367-385 (2005)
- Mckeen et al., J. Geophys. Res. 110, D21307 (2005)
- Lee et al., J Applied Meteorology and Climatology (2007)
- Yu, et al., J. Geophys. Res. (2007)
- Lee et al., Environmental Fluid Mechanics, 9 (1), 23-42, doi:10.1007/s10652-008-9089-0 (2009)
- Tang et al., Environmental Fluid Mechanics, 9 (1), 43-58, doi:10.1007/s10652-008-9092-5 (2009)

Smoke Tool

- Prados, A et al., J. of Geophys. Res., 112, D15201, doi:10.1029/2006JD007968 (2007)
- Kondragunta. S., et al., J. of Applied Meteorology and Climatology, doi:10.1175/2007JAMC1392.1 (2008)
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